## An Empirical Analysis of Independent Innovation System in China's Enterprises

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**Abstract** Technological innovation is an effective way to increase the core competitive advantages in enterprises. The independent technological innovation is the main technological innovation. In China's enterprises the independent innovation system can be divided into four elements: the innovation environmental design, the independent research and development innovation, the independent management innovation and the independent marketing innovation. Innovation system design can provide a valid theory support for the independent innovation in China's enterprises. A measurement model is proposed for China's enterprises based on the results from Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) and Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA), which can provide the system with the realistic verification. **Key words** Technological innovation; Independent innovation; Knowledge management; Fitting indexes

#### **1** Introduction

Innovation refers to the creative activity in productivity, relations of production and superstructure of the theoretical innovation and the practical innovation<sup>[1]</sup>. From the micro-economic perspective, innovation refers to the technology innovation<sup>[2]</sup>. Technological innovation is a series of collective activities including research, development, production and commercialization of new technology or new product. Being one of technological and economic activities, it is the core of enterprises' technological progress. The annual survey of the main technology companies in the United States, which was made by Washington Industrial Research Institute, indicated that how to make innovation happen had become the first problem rather than the fifth one<sup>[3]</sup>. In Japan researchers said that if an enterprise's technological innovation investment only accounted for 1% of sales revenue, the enterprise was doomed to be defeated. If 5% or so, the enterprise was eligible to compete. If this proportion was reached 8%, the enterprise gained the competitive advantage. Obviously, the technological innovation has become an important means for enterprises to obtain a unique competitive advantage<sup>[4]</sup>.

The technological innovation includes the three major forms such as the independent innovation, the imitation innovation and the cooperation innovation. The independent innovation means that through their own efforts and exploration enterprises make technology breakthroughs, break down the technical difficulties, and rely on their own capacity to promote the innovation-related subsequent links, complete technology commercialization and obtain the commercial profit so as to achieve the desired target.

The independent innovation has three aspects. The first is called the primitiveness innovation, which aims to obtain the more science discoveries and the technical invention in the domain of science and technology. The second is named the integrated innovation, which aims to make the implement of integration of kinds of technique achievements in order to form the product or the industry with the high market competitiveness. The third is closely related with the digestion, absorption and re-innovation based on widely absorbing the global scientific achievements and importing the overseas advanced technology. Therefore, the independent innovation does not repel opening and cooperation, and the integrated technology can also have the independent innovation. The independent innovation does not necessarily need to start again completely from scratch. The digestion, absorption and improvement are also an integral part of the independent innovation<sup>[5]</sup>. The perfect independent innovation system must be built to enhance the ability of independent innovation, which mainly consists of the input mechanisms, the incentives mechanisms, the body-building mechanisms, the resource integration mechanisms, the intermediary service mechanisms, the cooperation development mechanisms of intellectual property, and the working mechanisms of innovative talents related to independent innovation<sup>[6]</sup>. The most important thing is to establish a body of independent innovation in enterprises to strengthen the independent innovation capacity in China's of enterprises. The dominant position of independent innovation is, first of all, to establish and strengthen innovation consciousness in

enterprises<sup>[7]</sup>.

# 2 Construction of Independent Technological Innovation System in China's Enterprises

Elements	Indexes	Index Significance				
	Innovation Organization Establishment X1	The enterprise has designed the effective innovation organization to implement the technological innovation strategy.				
Innovation Environmental Design	Implementing Knowledge Management X2	The enterprise has implemented the knowledge management strategy to support the technological innovation.				
	Innovation Strategy Deployment X3	The enterprise has formulated the science and the reasonabl plan to the technological innovation strategy.				
	The Construction of Innovation Culture X4	The enterprise has strengthened the culture construction to guide the technique innovation.				
Independent R&D Innovation	Scientific and Technical Personnel Staffing X5	The enterprise has the adequate disposition of technical human capital to enhance R & D.				
	Motivation Mechanism Design X6	The enterprise has designed the motivation mechanism to arouse the enthusiasm of the scientific and technical personnel.				
	Innovation Funding Support <i>X</i> 7	The enterprise has provided the adequate funding to support the ongoing R & D and innovation.				
	Team Cooperation Consciousness X8	The enterprise has cultivated the teamwork spirit with the unity in complete sincerity.				
	A Great Improvement Related to Coordination Skills <i>X</i> 9	The enterprise has strengthened the great improvement related to the coordination skills between the various functional departments.				
Independent Management	The Organization Structure Adjustment X10	The enterprise has constantly adjusted and optimized the organization structure to improve the management efficiency.				
Innovation	The Good Information Communication X11	The enterprise has improved the communication environment relation to the internal management information.				
	EnhancingtheDecision-makingEfficiency X12	The enterprise has adopted the new management methods to enhance decision-making efficiency.				
	Marketing Planning X13	The enterprise has made marketing plan to enhance marketing achievements.				
Independent Marketing Innovation	The Improvement of Marketing Pattern X14	The enterprise has constantly adjusted and improved the traditional marketing pattern.				
	The Marketing Organization Management	The enterprise has constantly improved the management strategy for marketing organization.				
	The Perfect Marketing Network X16	The enterprise has constantly developed and strengthened the existing marketing network.				

## Table 1 Independent Technological Innovation System in China's Enterprises

According to OECD's technological innovation ability investigation, those indicators, which can reflect enterprises' technological innovation ability, are identified as the six key aspects: the development strategy for enterprises, the diffusion of innovation achievements, the information source and innovation barrier of enterprise's innovation, enterprises' innovation investment as well as enterprises' innovation outputs.

In the Independent Innovation Capacity Analysis Report on China's Enterprises, China's National Bureau of statistics puts forward the evaluation system to strengthen the independent innovation capacity of enterprises from the technical innovation ability point of view, including four level indicators such as the potential technological innovation resource indicators, the evaluation indicators of technological innovation activities, the technical innovation output capacity indicators as well as the technical innovation environmental indicators. In the National Technological Innovation Project Outline, the technological innovation capacity, engineering capacity, manufacturing capacity, marketing capacity, organization capacity, coordination capacity and resource allocation capacity<sup>[8]</sup>.

According to the above analysis, the independent innovation system involves four elements in China's enterprises such as innovation environmental design ( $\zeta$ 1), independent research and development innovation (R&D) ( $\zeta$ 2), independent management innovation ( $\zeta$ 3) and independent marketing innovation ( $\zeta$ 4). Each innovation element can be broken down into four measurement indexes, resulting in a measurement system of 4 element and 16 indexes. The meaning of specific indicators is shown in Table 1.

## **3 Model Checking**

## 3.1 Pretest and pilot test

According to the questionnaire design on the basis of the above analysis, three senior experts in the field of technological innovation system who come from Xi'an Jiaotong University of China and Beijing Tiansheng Consultant Firm of China carry on the pre-test (Pretest) to the questionnaire. Six responders finish the questionnaire independently, and give the revision comment.

After pre-test, Pilot Test is made. Its objects are twenty-one students of 2007EMBA in Nanjing University. The final results show that the Cronbach's  $\alpha$  value of various variables distributes between 0.7343 and 0.8911. According to Hou Jietai's suggestion, as long as the Cronbach's  $\alpha$  value is bigger than 0.7, its reliability can be accepted <sup>[9]</sup>. Therefore, it is concluded that the questionnaire have the enough reliability.

Table 2 EFA Results						
Second-Level Targets	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3	Factor 4		
Innovation Organization Establishment X1	.812	.289	.361	3.21E-3		
Implementing Knowledge Management X2	.806	7.60E-02	.368	.375		
Innovation Strategy Deployment X3	.779	.187	.278	.354		
The Construction of Innovation Culture X4	.792	.725	5.23E-3	.132		
Scientific and Technological Personnel Staffing X5	5.22E-02	.652	.329	.212		
Motivation Mechanism Design X6	.312	.653	.169	.387		
Innovation Funding Support X7	.112	.712	.371	.196		
Team Cooperation Consciousness X8	3.575E-02	.583	.205	2.24E-2		
A Great Improvement Related to Coordination Skills X9	.430	.225	.689	.421		
The Organization Structure Adjustment X10	.289	.304	.506	.271		
The Good Information Communication X11	.312	.398	.527	.382		
Enhancing the Decision-Making Efficiency X12	.423	2.22E-2	.672	.441		
Marketing Planning X13	.501	.278	.237	.810		
The Improvement of Marketing Pattern X14	.121	.252	.120	.822		
The Marketing Organization Management	.527	.312	.115	.713		
The Perfect Marketing Network X16	.317	.120	3.23E-2	.712		
Cronbach's a	.7239	.7862	.7919	.7230		
Cumulative variance (%)	22.312	35.008	59.641	83.210		

#### 3.2 Data collection

There are 400 enterprises samples. All respondents are the senior management of each unit. These samples are located in sixteen provinces and autonomous regions including Beijing, Tianjin, Shanghai, Shaanxi, Henan, Chongqing, Anhui, Gansu, Sichuan, Yunnan, Xinjiang, Guangdong, Hunan, Jiangsu and Zhejiang of China, which can effectively represent the overall distribution of technological innovation in enterprises.

### **3.3 Single retailer scale test**

One hundred and thirty-six samples are selected to carry on Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) stochastically and undergo five revolving iterations. Finally, EFA results are shown in Table 2.

Research results indicate that the validity of the sample structure is good and the corresponding factor loading of each index is greater than 0.5.

#### 3.4 Validity examination

The paper makes CFA through SPSS11.5 and LISREL8.7. The factor load parameter tabulation can be seen in table 3. Factors in the covariance matrix can be seen in Table 4.

Factor Name	X1	X2	Х3	<i>X</i> 4	X5	<i>X</i> 6	Х7	X8
Factor Load	.27	.24	.23	.11	.21	.34	.37	.13
SE	.11	.08	.07	.08	.08	.09	.12	.09
Т	2.4	3.0	3.1	1.6	2.6	3.8	3.1	1.6
Factor Name	X9	X10	X11	X12	X13	<i>X</i> 14	X15	<i>X</i> 16
Factor Load	.33	.46	.69	.24	.34	.23	.23	.41
SE	.11	.09	.13	.09	.11	.09	.11	.08
Т	3.1	5.1	5.2	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.1	5.0

Table 3 The Factor Load Parameter Tabulation

able 4 Factor Covariance M	<b>Aatrix</b>
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	Environmental	R& D Innovation	Management	Marketing
	Design		Innovation	Innovation
Environmental Design	1.0			
R& D Innovation	0.69	1.0		
Management Innovation	0.71	0.21	1.0	
Marketing Innovation	0.66	0.18	0.23	1.0

#### **4** Conclusion

It can be concluded in the factor covariance matrix that the essential factors of the innovation environment design typically have a strong relevance to some other three essential factors. Therefore, in the process of the independent technological innovation of China's enterprises, the scientific innovation environment design can promote the management innovation, the market innovation and R&D innovation effectively.

It can be concluded in the fitting index tabulation that the model fitting effect is good <sup>[10]</sup>. The independent technological innovation system designed for China's enterprises has the high reliability and the credibility.

It can be concluded in the factor load parameter tabulation that the factor loads of both indicator X4 and indicator X8 are short of the significance. Therefore, in the process of the independent technological innovation of China's enterprises, the innovation cultural construction basically lacks the remarkable influence on the innovation environment design, namely the level of China's enterprise culture is still at the primary condition, which need to be further strengthened. At the same time, the team cooperation consciousness has not had the substantive influence, which needs to be further enhanced.

It can be concluded in the factor load parameter tabulation that the factor loads of indicator X11 is high. Therefore, in the process of independent technological innovation of China's enterprises in the present stage, the convenient communication has the tremendous influence on the independent management innovation ability, namely the enhancement of the information communication efficiency can effectively enhance the efficiency of the independent management innovation.

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